

GCSE Crime and Punishment
Modern-20th Century – the Present Day

Key Term	Meaning
Abortion	The deliberate termination of a human pregnancy
Anarchism	Political belief that opposes all forms of state government in favour of voluntary cooperation.
ANPR	Police camera that can do Automatic Number Plate Recognition
Approved School	A boarding school for young offenders under the age of 15
Borstal	A type of prison for young offenders under 18 years old. Abolished in 1982
Capital punishment	The death penalty
Corporal punishment	A physically painful punishment
Conscientious Objector	A man refusing to fight in a war
Conscription	All men being forced to join the army in war time to fight for their country
Custodial Sentence	Being sent to prison
Community Service	Non- custodial sentence where you are made to do jobs in the local community as part of your punishment
Electronic tag	Non -custodial sentence where you are forced to wear an electronic ankle bracelet that can only be removed by the police. You can be monitored and restricted to a certain area and can be monitored and tracked. This usually comes with a curfew so restricting your movements.
Hate crimes	These are crimes against groups of people. The victims may be targeted for their race, sexual orientation, religion or disability
Non - custodial	A punishment that does not involve sending a person to prison
People smuggling	A new crime where people are brought into the country illegally to live and work
Probation	When you are let out from prison you serve a certain amount of time re-adjusting to life outside prison and you serve probation. You will have to check in frequently with a Probation Officer to make sure everything is going well.
Solitary confinement	Being locked up on your own and totally separate from other people.

Expectation: You need to learn the spelling and definition of these key terms.